GUGGENHEIM

Commercial Real Estate Finding Value in the Post-Pandemic Market

Assessing the effect of secular trends on commercial real estate values.

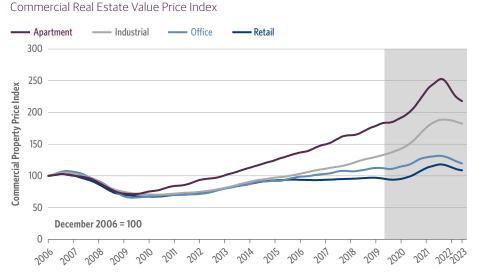
In the first half of 2023, commercial real estate prices declined by 11.2 percent year over year, according to Real Capital Analytics' (RCA) national all-property price index, the first retracement since the Global Financial Crisis (GFC). The apartment sector experienced the largest decline at 12.5 percent, down from highly elevated levels, while the industrial sector declined only 2 percent, buoyed by continued demand for warehouse and logistics properties to support the realignment of supply chain networks post-pandemic. Despite the near-term pressure on real estate values, prices for all sectors remain above pre-pandemic 2019 levels.

The two primary drivers of the stress on prices are higher debt costs and reduced availability of capital. Stress in the commercial banking sector is limiting new loan originations from one of the largest capital sources, challenging refinances of maturing loans. Real estate transaction volumes are at the lowest level in the past decade, according to RCA data, as sellers and buyers are unable to close the bid-ask gap. The apartment sector is experiencing a supply-demand imbalance in some cities following robust levels of new construction, causing vacancy rates to rise. The office sector continues to undergo a fundamental shift as the stickiness of hybrid work schedules forces companies to rethink how and where they use office space. Although retail fundamentals remain strong and vacancies are at their lowest level ever reported, weakening of consumer spending in an economic slowdown may cause retail demand to cool.

Despite these challenges, we believe that some of the secular trends accelerated by the pandemic around how and where people choose to live, work, travel, and shop are achieving some permanency and will drive the need for capital reallocation and investment—not in the buildings of yesterday, but a new generation of hard assets necessitated by the evolution of onshoring and re-shoring, population migration, demographic changes, and advancements in technology. Our real estate investment strategy is focused on mission-critical industrial assets, such as logistics properties and warehouses, as well as multifamily properties in undersupplied markets, and other sectors where we see sustainable demand drivers that support long-term value and capital appreciation.

By Jennifer A. Marler and Farris Hughes

In the first half of 2023, commercial real estate values declined by 11.2 percent year over year, the first retracement since the GFC. The primary drivers of stress on prices are higher debt costs and reduced availability of capital.



Declining Fundamentals Apply Downward Pressure to CRE Valuations

Source: Guggenheim Investments, Real Capital Analytics. Data as of 5.30.2023.

GUGGENHEIM

This material is distributed or presented for informational or educational purposes only and should not be considered a recommendation of any particular security, strategy or investment product, or as investing advice of any kind. This material is not provided in a fiduciary capacity, may not be relied upon for or in connection with the making of investment decisions, and does not constitute a solicitation of an offer to buy or sell securities. The content contained herein is not intended to be and should not be construed as legal or tax advice and/or a legal opinion. Always consult a financial, tax and/or legal professional regarding your specific situation.

This material contains opinions of the authors, but not necessarily those of Guggenheim Partners, LLC or its subsidiaries. The opinions contained herein are subject to change without notice. Forwardlooking statements, estimates, and certain information contained herein are based upon proprietary and non-proprietary research and other sources. Information contained herein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable but are not assured as to accuracy. Past performance is not indicative of future results. There is neither representation nor warranty as to the current accuracy of, nor liability for, decisions based on such information.

Investing involves risk, including the possible loss of principal. Investments in fixed-income instruments are subject to the possibility that interest rates could rise, causing their values to decline. High yield and unrated debt securities are at a greater risk of default than investment grade bonds and may be less liquid, which may increase volatility. Investors in asset-backed securities, including mortgage-backed securities and collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"), generally receive payments that are part interest and part return of principal. These payments may vary based on the rate loans are repaid. Some asset-backed securities may have structures that make their reaction to interest rates and other factors difficult to predict, making their prices volatile and they are subject to liquidity and valuation risk. CLOs bear similar risks to investing in loans directly, such as credit, interest rate, counterparty, prepayment, liquidity, and valuation risks. Loans are often below investment grade, may be unrated, and typically offer a fixed or floating interest rate.

Guggenheim Investments represents the following affiliated investment management businesses of Guggenheim Partners, LLC: Guggenheim Partners Investment Management, LLC, Security Investors, LLC, Guggenheim Funds Distributors, LLC, Guggenheim Funds Investment Advisors, LLC, Guggenheim Partners Advisors, LLC, Guggenheim Corporate Funding, LLC, Guggenheim Partners Europe Limited, Guggenheim Partners, LLC, and Guggenheim Partners India Management.

©2023 Guggenheim Partners, LLC. All Rights Reserved. No part of this document may be reproduced, stored, or transmitted by any means without the express written consent of Guggenheim Partners, LLC. GPIM 58512